STATUS OF TABLE GRAPE PLANTMATERIAL

AND WHAT WE CAN LEARN FROM THE SUCCESSES OF THE **WINE INDUSTRY**

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WINE GRAPES VS TABLE GRAPES

WINE GRAPES	TABLE GRAPES				
Use same cultivars over years	High demand for new cultivars to fit into market				
Vine improvement scheme	Deciduous fruit improvement scheme				
2018 – Vine improvement scheme					



WINE GRAPES VS TABLE GRAPES

WINE GRAPES	TABLE GRAPES
22 397 128 vines grafted	21 042 686 vines grafted
71 varieties	83 varieties
245 clones	149 clones
93.8% certified in the scheme (53% certified in the scheme
Statistics from 2018 VIA Annual Report	Statistics from 2018 VIA Annual Report





Ingevolge die Plantverbeteringwet (Wet nr. 53 van 1976), is die Wingerdverbeteringsvereniging (WVV) die aangewese organisasie wat wingerdverbetering in Suid-Afrika koördineer en die "SA Plantsertifisering-skema vir Wingerd" administreer

Who is the VIA?

 Plant improvement organisations (7 PIO's)















Nurseries (42) SUID-AFRIKAANSE WINGERDKWEKERSVERENIGING
SOUTH AFRICAN VINE GROWERS ASSOCIATION

Producers organisations

 (3) Raisins-, Table and
 Wine grapes







What is certification?

It is the action or process to issue an **official document** which confirms the status of plant material

Certified plantmaterial

Plant material from a known source of which the phytosanitary status is known and it was handled according to prescribed processes

Certified plantmaterial must be evaluated:

- True to type
- Viticultural management
- Phytosanitary status



VIRUSES THAT OCCUR IN GRAPEVINE

- 85 viruses that can occur in grapevine
 - Viruses with a damaging effect on vines
 - Economic importance
- VIRUS FREE = Scion and rootstock material is free of the viruses prescribed in the plant improvement scheme





© Economically important viruses (Plant improvement Scheme)

Name	Abbrev	Spread	Detection	Factor	Effect
Grapevine leafroll virus	GLRaV1-9	Mealy bug (vector)	ELISA, HWI, PCR	Prod; vig, qual	10-70%
Grapevine fanleaf virus	GVFLV	GVFLV Xiphinema ELISA, HWI, index (vector)		Prod; vig, qual	10-80%
Grapevine stemgrooving virus	GVSGV	Graft; mechanical	ELISA, HWI, PCR	Prod; vig, qual	10%+
Corky bark	СВ	Graft	ELISA, HWI, PCR	Prod; vig, qual	15%
Fleck	<i>G</i> FvK	Graft	ELISA, HWI, PCR	Prod; vig, qual	2-10%
Shiraz disease	SD	Graft	ELISA, HWI	Prod; vig, qual	2-10%
Vein necrosis	VN	Graft	HWI	Prod; vig, qual	2%
Vein mosaic	VM	Graft	HWI	Prod; vig, qual	2%



Grapevine bacteria

Name	Disease	Spread	Detection	Factor	Effect
Agrobacterium vitis	Crown gall	Vector; mechanical, graft	ELISA, PCR	Production; vigour	Little - Total
Xilophilus ampelinus	Bacterial blight	Vector; mechanical, graft	ELISA, PCR	Production; vigour	Little - Total



Grapevine fungi

Name	Other
Phytophthora	Root Rot
Pythium	Root Rot



Grapevine insects

Scientific Name	Common Name
Margarodes	Margarodes
Meloidogyne	Root knot nematode
Pseudococcus; Planococcus	Mealy bug
Xiphinema index	Dagger nematode
Vitis vitifoliae	Phylloxera



WVV C-2-4

ELISA

VOORGESKREWE SKEMA TOETSINTERVALLE VIR SERTIFISERING VAN WINGERD EENHEDE (WVV C-1-3)

1	7	1000			
	GFLV (Netelblaar)	GLRaV 1 - 3 (Rolblaar)	GVA (Gleufstam & Shirazsiekte)	GVB (Skurfbas)	
KERNEENHEID					
ALLE WINGERD	Elke 5 jaar (Nov/Des)	Elke 5 jaar (April/Mei)	Elke 5 jaar	Elke 5 jaar	
GRONDVESEENHEI	D	NOTAS:			
ALLE WINGERD	Voor plant - Eenmalig (X. index)	Jaarliks visueel vry (*)		ende onderstamme	
ALL WINGLING	Na een jaar - Eenmalig stok vir stok (ELISA)	Jaarliks stok vir stok (**)	kan (W2/**) wees:		
MOEDEREENHEID		• 143-B • US 8-7			
Voor plant - Eenmalig (X. index) Na een jaar - Eenmalig stok vir stok (ELISA)	Jaarliks visueel vry (*)	Jacquez Alle ander ondersokke (W1/*) 2. <u>Alle toetse moet negatief toets met</u>			
	Jaarliks stok vir stok (**)				

20-09-2018



WVV C-2-3

VOORGESKREWE FITOSANITÊRE TOETSE VIR WINGERDKLONE IN TERME VAN DIE SKEMA

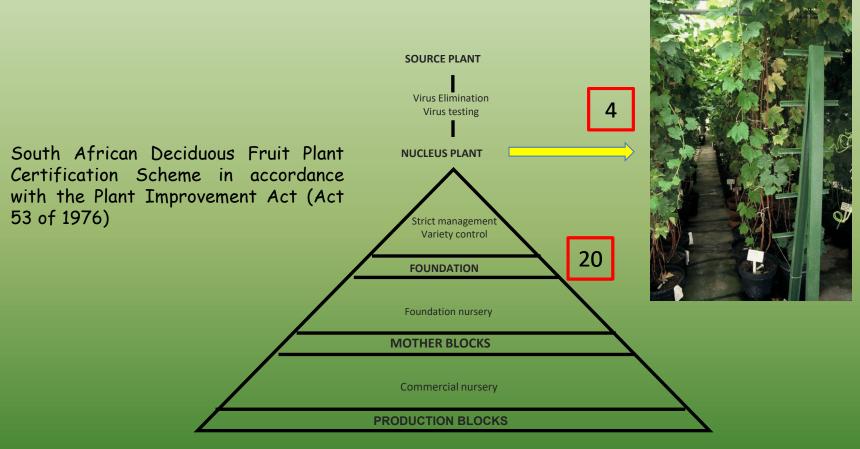
SIEKTE	Netelblaar	Vlek	Rolblaar	Skurfbas	Gleufstam (Kober 5BB)	Stam- verpitting (Rupestris)	Shirazsiekte	Nerf Nekrose	Nerf Mosaïek
возтокке									
KANDIDAAT KLOON	ELISA	ELISA – GFkV	ELISA -GLRaV 1 to 3	ELISA – GVB	ELISA – GVA	GEEN	ELISA – GVA ELISA -GLRaV3	GEEN	GEEN
REGISTER KLOON	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	GEEN	GEEN
ONDERSTOKKE									
KANDIDAAT KLOON	ELISA	ELISA – GFkV	ELISA -GLRaV 1 to 3*	ELISA – GVB*	ELISA – GVA*	NONE	ELISA – GVA* ELISA -GLRaV3*	GEEN	GEEN
REGISTER KLOON	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	PKR	н	н

^{*}Slegs Vitis vinifera kruisings

ELISA toets vir Vlek - nie gevalideer

PKR – toetse moet uitgevoer word deur AWRI (voorheen Waite Diagnostics)

ROAD TO CERTIFICATION

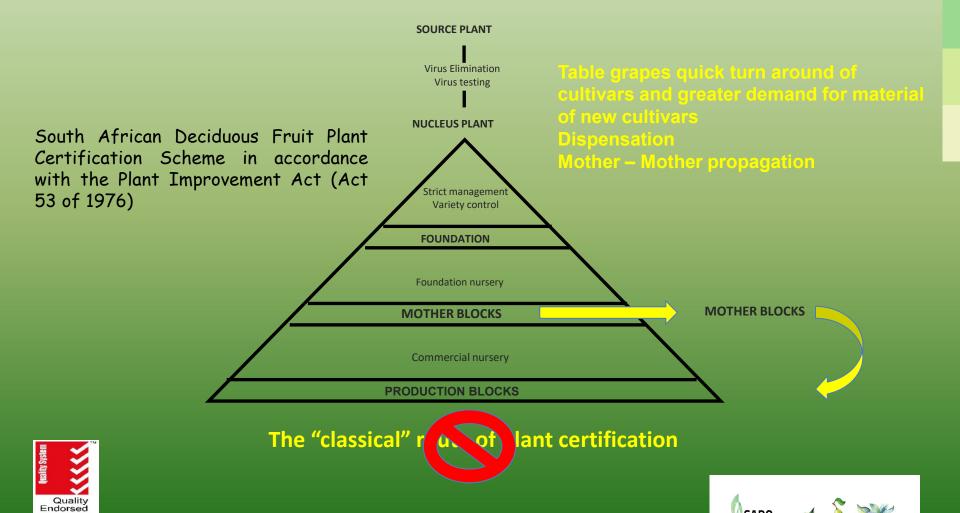








ROAD TO CERTIFICATION



PLANT IMPROVEMENT INITIATIVES TO ADDRESS THE MOTHER TO MOTHER NON CLASSICAL ROUTE

- RaisinsSA, SATI & SAPO quality of material
- Especially material that did not go the classical route
- Mother blocks older than 10 years not used
- Younger than 10 years bigger foundation blocks
- In order to establish new mother blocks faster
- To be able to address the demand for material, especially new cultivars
- Cannot happen over night dispensation to phase it in over 3 years



WHAT CAN WE LEARN OUT OF THE SUCCESSES OF THE WINE INDUSTRY

- Must try to get a higher % of material certified, more control over the whole process and phytosanitary status
- Mother blocks in isolated areas





- Vine by vine testing of mother blocks for leafroll – higher cost for vines to be paid by producer
- Research to determine which cultivars can be evaluated visually and which ones needs to be tested with ELISA



